



Oxygas 500 User Handbook



Certificate No Q/09780

Issue 1

25/05/04

Part Number: 42621

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MODIFICATION NOTICES

GMI aim to notify customers of relevant changes in the product operation and maintain this manual up to date. In view of the policy of continuous product improvement there may be operational differences between the latest product and this manual.

This Handbook is an important part of the Oxygas 500 product. Please note the following points:

- It should be kept with the instrument for the life of the product.
- Amendments should be attached.
- This Handbook should be passed on to any subsequent owner/user of the instrument.
- Although every care is taken in the preparation of this Handbook it does not constitute a specification for the instrument.



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DISPOSAL ADVICE

When no longer in use, dispose of the instrument carefully and with respect for the environment. GMI will dispose of the instrument without charge if returned to the factory.

SAFETY

- The instrument must be regularly serviced and calibrated by fully trained personnel in a safe area.
- **Batteries:** Alkaline batteries or *Rechargeable battery pack must be exchanged (*and recharged) in a safe area and fitted correctly before use. Never use damaged batteries or expose to extreme heat. See Section 4 : OPERATOR MAINTENANCE.
- Only GMI replacement parts should be used.
- If the instrument detects gas, follow your own organisation's procedures and operational guidelines.
- The combustion chamber is a flameproof assembly and must not be opened in the presence of a flammable atmosphere.
- Gas can be dangerous and care should always be taken in its use.
- Oxygas 500 instruments are certified as EEx iad IIC T4
($-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq 50^{\circ}\text{C}$). BAS01ATEX2292   II 2 G.
UL Class 1 Groups A, B, C and D.
- This equipment is designed and manufactured to protect against other hazards as defined in paragraph 1.2.7 of Annex II of the ATEX Directive 94/9/EC

Any right of claim relating to product liability or consequential damage to any third party against GMI is removed if the warnings are not observed.

AREAS OF USE

Exposure to certain chemicals can result in a loss of sensitivity of the flammable sensor. Where such environments are known or suspected it is recommended that more frequent response checks are carried out. The chemical compounds that can cause loss of sensitivity include Silicones, Lead, Halogens and Sulphur. Do not use instrument in potentially hazardous atmospheres containing greater than 21% Oxygen. The enclosure material is polypropylene and must not be exposed to environments which are liable to result in mechanical or thermal degradation or to damage caused by contact with aggressive substances. Additional protection may be required in environments where the instrument enclosure is liable to damage.

STORAGE, HANDLING AND TRANSIT

The batteries in the rechargeable pack contain considerable energy and care should be taken in their handling and disposal. Battery packs should be removed if the instrument is stored for longer than 3 months. The instrument is designed to handle harsh environments. The sensing elements are sealed to IP54 and the rest of the instrument to IP64. If not subject to misuse or malicious damage, the instrument will provide many years of reliable service. The instrument contains electrochemical sensors with a life of 2 years. Under conditions of prolonged storage the sensors should be removed. The sensor contains potentially corrosive liquid and care should be taken when handling or disposing of the sensor, particularly when a leak is suspected.

REVISION RECORD

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Issue 1 25/05/04	All	New Handbook

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INTRODUCTION

The Oxygas 500 is a two button instrument designed to measure Lower Explosive Level, Volume flammable gas and Oxygen for (CGI) leak detection and purge operations. The instrument is designed to the latest standards and is certified for use in Hazardous Areas.



Figure 1.1 Oxygas 500 Instrument

The Oxygas 500 contains the following ranges:

- LEL, 0 to 100%
- Volume gas, 0 to 100%
- Oxygen, 0 to 25%

Overview

This chapter provides a brief overview of the principles of operation of the instrument in its two modes of operation.

- 1) Combustible Gas Indicator (CGI) - Leak Detection
- 2) Purging

This is not intended as operating instruction in the application of finding leaks, monitoring atmospheres or practical purging operations. In all cases, you should follow your company and application specific training.

Combustible Gas Indicator - Leak Detection

When there is a fire or explosion, there are usually three contributors, as indicated in the following diagram, i.e. Fuel, Oxygen or Air, and an Ignition Source.

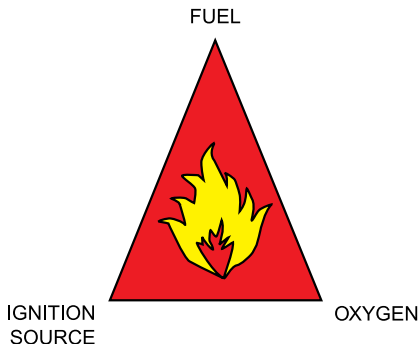


Figure 1.2 Contributors to Fire / Explosion

In some applications, all three sources are available, e.g. a boiler burner.

In other applications, where gas may be liable to escape or be present, ignition sources are controlled, e.g. hazardous or zoned areas.

In applications, such as purging, the Air or Oxygen source is controlled or excluded.

In normal operation, where air is not excluded apart from displacement by the fuel itself, fuel and air can mix causing potentially explosive mixtures.

If insufficient fuel is present, e.g. the mixture is too "lean" to cause ignition, then the atmosphere is "safe".

The minimum amount of fuel in air that can cause an explosion is called the Lower Explosive or Flammable Limit - LEL / LFL. If the mixture has too much fuel, and hence insufficient air, then again combustion cannot occur. The maximum fuel in air ratio, where combustion can occur, is called the Upper Explosive or Flammable Limit - UEL / UFL.

These figures assume normal atmospheres - gas in air - 21% Oxygen in 79% Nitrogen. If either the O₂ or the N₂ ratio varies significantly, then different conditions apply to the flammable limits and the instrument application.

The normal measurement for gas in air atmospheres is % LEL.

This measurement is not used in inert atmospheres where the % Gas or % Oxygen measurement must be used.

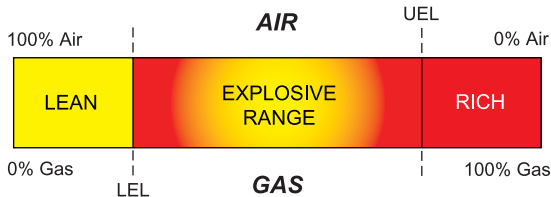


Figure 1.3 Flammability

The Oxygas 500 uses a catalytic sensor to measure LEL, which requires air to be present, and a thermal conductivity sensor to measure the % Volume range.

Purging

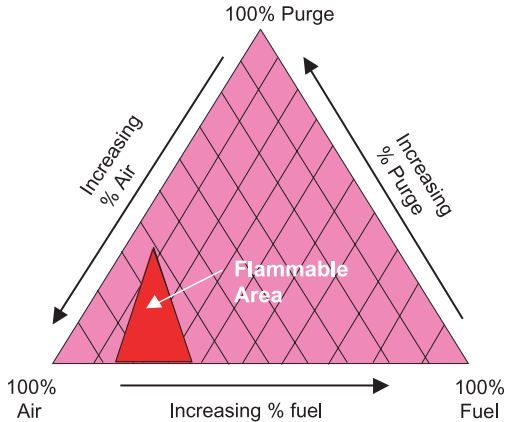
The opening of a pipeline or vessel causes a mixing of flammable products, such as gas with air, creating potentially flammable mixtures.

It may not be possible to ensure that all sources of ignition are removed, hence there is a need to avoid the formation of flammable mixtures.

Two types of purging are generally used:

- Direct Purging - Displacement of fuel by air, or vice versa.
- Indirect Purging - Displacement of fuel by inert gas followed by displacement by air, or vice versa.

Indirect purging is the most common since it avoids flammable mixtures being created.



Principle of Purging

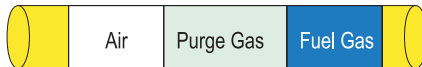


Figure 1.4 Principle of Purging

When the pipe has been open to atmosphere for maintenance or when first being put into service, there is a requirement to introduce flammable gas into the pipe in a controlled way to avoid large flammable mixtures being created and to avoid air being introduced into the network.

This is done by avoiding air and fuel mixing by introducing an inert or purge gas into the system so that air and fuel don't meet. This gas is normally Nitrogen or a mixture of Nitrogen and Carbon Dioxide.

The following diagram illustrates a typical direct purging operation and is not intended to demonstrate the purge technique, but illustrate the effect on the instrument reading.

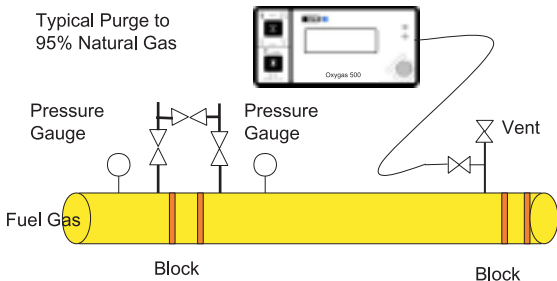


Figure 1.5 Direct Purging - Commissioning

Commissioning

In the direct purge mode for commissioning, the pipe would contain air and the pipe would be purged with Natural Gas. The Oxygas is zeroed in air and would be switched on in the purge mode. In commissioning the pipe would typically be purged to 95% Natural Gas. This would be a normal operation, however, in instruments calibrated in Methane you may only be able to attain 85-90% reading, depending upon the composition of the gas and the accuracy of calibration. The Natural Gas may only contain 90% or less of Methane, hence the calibration gas and the measured gas should be as close together as possible in composition for purging or an allowance made for the difference.

De-commissioning

In purging down to air the typical figure would be 2% Methane or around 40% LEL to end the purge.

In the Purge mode only the % Gas and the O₂ ranges are available and normally the % Vol range can be used. A reading can be taken from the O₂ range for confirmation but care should be taken that the pressure applied to the cell is the same or similar to the zero point, ie atmospheric pressure. The pipe is being pressurised from atmospheric hence by inference the pressure will change. The O₂ cell can be pressure transient sensitive, so care should be taken to ensure that the pressure is maintained the same by means of suitable valves or flow orifices and time allowed for the transient effect to be minimised before a reading is taken.

Direct Purging

Although it is normal to use the Purge mode of the Oxygas for purging, in direct purging where there is no inert atmosphere in the pipe the instrument will operate in the Measure mode.

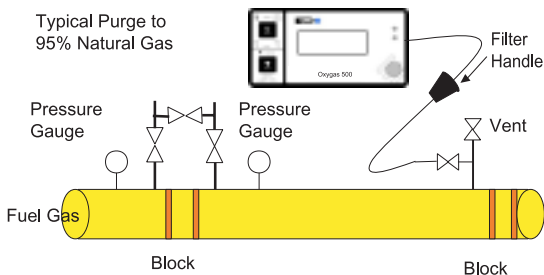


Figure 1.6 Direct Purging - De-commissioning

When commissioning, the instrument will start in the LEL range and autorange up automatically to % Gas when the LEL reaches around 110% or the %Gas is greater than about 5.5%. Thus above these values of gas in air the instrument will be in the %Gas range and the reading increase up to the final purge reading of >95% gas (85 - 95% depending on calibration).

In direct purging to air the instrument in the measure mode will start off in % Gas and reduce the reading in the gas range until it autoranges back to LEL at around 4.5% CH₄ in air or 99% LEL.

In the measure mode the LEL and % Vol ranges have autotracking which forces the LEL and % Gas signals to be the same.

In the Purge mode the instrument will only have % O₂ and % Gas ranges and autotracking is disabled.

With 2% CH₄ or 40% LEL the Oxygen content of the sample is only reduced by around 0.4% O₂ which may be difficult to measure accurately.

THE MEASURE MODE SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR INDIRECT PURGING.

Indirect Purging

The following diagram shows a typical indirect purging operation using a Nitrogen cylinder.

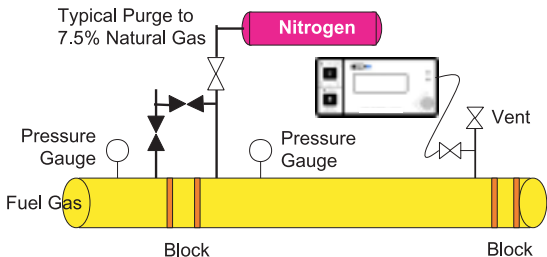


Figure 1.7 Indirect Purging - De-commissioning

In this situation Nitrogen or an inert gas is used to purge the vessel of flammable gas; the above illustration does not fully describe purging, only its influence on the instrument.

For indirect operations, the instrument must be used in the purge mode.

In decommissioning the pipe, the end point is the % of Gas left in the pipe when it has mainly been displaced by Nitrogen. A typical figure for this would be 7.5 - 8%CH₄ to give a mixture that when mixed with air would not form an explosive mixture. Since there is no air in the pipe, Oxygen measurement cannot be used apart from as a safety check.

Nitrogen has a different thermal conductivity to air and hence the reading for 100% Nitrogen is different than for 100% Air (20% O₂ / 80% N₂).

Since 100% air is used to set zero at switch-on, it is the zero that is affected by the difference between air and Nitrogen.

There is a typical difference in reading between these two conditions of around 5% on the % Volume scale when calibrated in Methane on an Oxygas.

100% Nitrogen gives a negative reading of around -5% when compared with an air zero and obviously the 20% O₂ reading drops to 0% in 100% N₂.

To enable the influence of the Nitrogen to be seen and compensated for in this condition, when the Oxygas is placed in the PURGE mode negative readings are enabled on the %Gas scale. The instrument will read approximately -5% when in a 100% N₂ atmosphere and the results will be influenced by the % of N₂ in the sample as the reading is reduced.

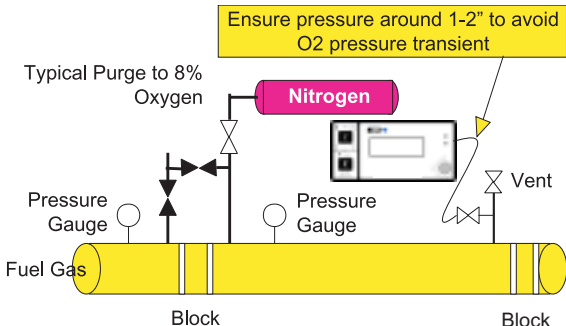


Figure 1.8 Indirect Purging - Commissioning (Air to Inert)

At an actual 5% CH₄ in Nitrogen the influence of the Nitrogen on the % Gas reading is around 95% of -5% gas = - 4.75%, hence the actual meter reading will be around +0.25%.

At 7.5% CH₄ the reading will be influenced by the zero shifting by 92.5% of -5 = +3%.

At an actual reading of 7.5% the mixture will be higher in concentration by around 2.5 - 3% gas.

These numbers still fall within the 30% safety factor normally used.

GMI recommend that you take the time to study your instrument and, where practical and with advice from your company's Purchasing / Management departments, highlight your particular instrument configuration.

The main features of the instrument are:

- Rugged carbon loaded polypropylene case, sealed to IP54 rating and suitable for outdoor use.
- Two-button operation allowing the user access to all features.
- LCD with backlighting which displays the current gas readings (in both digital and analogue forms) together with operational and status information.
- Directly interfaces with the GMI Auto Test Calibration Units.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Ranges of Operation

LEL, 0 to 100%

The LEL range indicates the explosivity of the flammable gas in the sample. This is displayed as a percentage of the lower explosive limit (LEL) of the gas. For methane 100% LEL corresponds to 5% Volume methane in Air.

The instrument range is displayed in the top right corner of the display as % LEL. From 0 to 10% LEL the digital display resolves to 0.1% LEL. From 10 to 100% LEL the digital display resolves to 1% LEL. The analogue bar graph follows in 4% steps. An example of the LEL display is shown in Figure 2.1. Autoranging will automatically switch the range to Volume Gas when 100% LEL is reached.

The detection principle for this range is a catalytic reaction.



Figure 2.1 LEL Range

Volume Gas, 0 to 100 %

This range displays the total volume of a specific flammable gas with respect to air. The calibration gas is shown on the service label and for the purpose of this handbook is assumed to be methane. Instruments calibrated for methane in air should only be used for measuring such mixtures. To change the calibration gas, e.g. from methane to propane, the instrument must be recalibrated by suitably trained personnel.

On the Volume Gas range the instrument range is displayed in the top right corner of the LCD as GAS. The digital display resolves the signal to 1% GAS with the analogue bar graph following in steps of 4%. Figure 2.2 shows the Volume Gas display. The detection principle for the Volume Gas range is thermal conductivity.

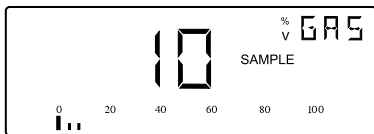


Figure 2.2 Volume Gas Range

Oxygen, 0 – 25%

This range displays the percentage Oxygen content of the sample. The instrument range is displayed in the top right corner of the display as % O₂. From 0 to 21% O₂ the digital display resolves to 0.1% O₂. From 21 to 25% O₂ the digital display resolves to 1% O₂. The analogue bar graph follows in 4% steps.

The gas level is determined using an electrochemical cell, which like toxic sensors is sensitive to pressure transients. The oxygen cell has an expected life of two years.

Construction

The instrument is housed in a tough, impact resistant, moulded case made of carbon loaded polypropylene.

The top panel is protected by a stainless steel top plate covering a toughened glass LCD cover.

The battery pack is sealed and attached to the main instrument body by means of 2 stainless steel hexagonal screws.

The instrument is sealed against dust and water to IP54 standard. The sensors are protected from dust and water by membrane and cotton filters.

Batteries

Disposable Alkaline (LR20) Dry Cell Batteries

Alkaline batteries provide approximately 15 hours operational life at ambient temperature of 20°C (68°F). When the batteries are low or exhausted it is necessary to fit 4 new batteries. Do not mix old and new batteries.

An indication of the battery condition is displayed after power on and during warm-up, with status shown as either OK or LO. If LO condition is displayed, a maximum battery operational life of 120 minutes remains. During operation the 'BAT' flag is displayed when approximately 60 minutes of operating time remains at normal temperature. The instrument may continue to be used until it switches off automatically.

Rechargeable Battery Pack

The GMI rechargeable battery pack provides approximately nine hours operational life, from fully charged, at ambient temperature of 20°C (68°F). An indication of the battery condition is displayed after power on and during warm-up, with status shown as either OK or LO. If LO condition is displayed, a maximum battery operational life of 90 minutes remains. During operation the 'BAT' flag is displayed when approximately 30 minutes operating time is left at normal temperatures. The instrument will then turn off.

There are three GMI Battery Chargers: a Standard Charger, a Flatbed Charger and a Smart Charger. The Smart Charger has both slow and fast charge options as well as a serial link for communications with the instrument. See Rechargeable Battery Pack in Section 4 OPERATOR MAINTENANCE.

Filters

A number of different filter types are available from GMI. The minimum requirement is a cotton particulate filter and a hydrophobic filter which are incorporated in the probe handle assembly supplied with the instrument. Filters must be checked at frequent intervals and where appropriate changed to ensure a clean sample path. If water is drawn into the instrument any filter which has been contaminated must be cleaned or replaced. See Filter Replacement in Section 4 OPERATOR MAINTENANCE.

Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)

The LCD shows the current gas readings in both analogue and digital form together with operational and status information. The display is protected by a toughened glass cover. Backlighting is provided to enable the display to be seen under low ambient light conditions.

Before Use Checks

The following checks should be carried out before using the instrument on site:

- The instrument is clean and in good condition.
- The batteries have sufficient power left in them for the intended use of the instrument.
- The filters are clean and in good condition.
- The sample line and any accessories are in good condition and leak free.
- All gas ranges are operational and zeroed correctly.
- The calibration is still valid.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS


Modes of Operation

The instrument has two modes of operation which are accessed by switching the instrument ON with either Button One or Button Two . See Figure 3.1 below.


One  or Button Two  . See Figure 3.1 below.




Figure 3.1 Instrument Front Plate

Mode 1 (CGI): Switching ON with Button One  provides three gas ranges

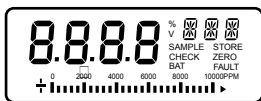
- LEL autoranging to Volume Gas, and
- Oxygen Range 0-25%.

Mode 2 (Purge): Switching ON with Button Two  provides access to only 0-100% Vol Gas and 0-25% Oxygen for purge applications.

Switching On

Press and hold Button One  to turn the instrument on. This initiates the instruments warm up cycle and switches on the pump. Figure 3.2 displays the warm up cycle for the Oxygas 500.

All LCD segments displayed



↓ Instrument type Software version



↓ Battery status



Note: Battery status is displayed as either OK or LO at start-up.

Figure 3.2 Warm Up

Calibration Date Features

At the end of warm-up and before the Oxygas 500 instrument is ready for measuring, the instrument will indicate on the display when the next calibration is due. This will be displayed as month and year, as shown in Figure 3.3:




Figure 3.3 Calibration Date

The re-calibration interval pre-set for all Oxygas 500 instruments is twelve (12) months.

This period can be altered as an option, however, you should ensure that the instrument is always within its calibration period prior to use.

An option which ensures that an 'out of calibration instrument' is not used, is the automatic switch-off when overdue.

Switching Off the Instrument Pump

A single press of Button One , when the pump is running, turns the pump off and stops sampling. Pressing button one again turns the pump back on.

Switching On in Purge Mode

To switch on in Purge mode, press and hold Button Two



. The Oxygas 500 will initiate the warm-up sequence as explained previously. This mode uses the Volume Gas and Oxygen ranges only. When in purge mode, the PURGE flag is activated on the display, as shown in Figure 3.4.



Figure 3.4 Purge Mode

Switching Off


A double press of Button One  turns the instrument off immediately.

The instrument switches off automatically after 30 minutes. 'OFF' is shown in the top right hand corner of the display. Pressing any button cancels this automatic switch-off. The instrument will then allow another 30 minutes of use.

This 30 minute period is set as a default.

The switch off time may be altered to any time between 1 and 1000 minutes

Changing Range



Each single press of Button Two  changes the gas range selected. The display cycles through the available ranges as follows:

LEL/Vol.Gas – Oxygen – LEL/Vol.Gas (in CGI mode)

Volume Gas – Oxygen – Volume Gas (in Purge mode)

Note: The instrument, by default, auto-ranges between LEL and Volume Gas.

Summary of Button Operation

Mode	Single Press	Double Press	Press and Hold
Button 1 	Toggles Pump On / Off (during operation)	Switches Instrument OFF	Switches Instrument ON (CGI)
Button 2 	Next Range LEL/VOL - O ₂ - LEL/VOL (CGI) VOL - O ₂ - VOL (Purge)	–	Switches Instrument ON (Purge)

Operator Messages / Fault Flags

Various messages can appear on the LCD screen to indicate instrument status.

'SAMPLE'


This indicates that the pump is running and the instrument is sampling.

'OFF'

This indicates that the instrument is about to switch off. This command can be cancelled by a single press of any button.

'SAMPLE FAULT'

This indicates a problem with the instrument's flow due to the sample path being blocked, water ingress, a blocked filter or pump failure.

In Measure mode, the pump stops automatically. The sample line, filters etc. should be checked for water ingress or blockage and Button One  should then be pressed to restart the pump.

'CHECK ZERO'

This indicates that there may have been a zero shift due to the presence of gas. Switch off the instrument and switch on again in fresh air.

'ZERO FAULT'

This indicates that the zero is outwith its calibration limits. Switch the instrument off and then on again in fresh air. If the fault does not clear, return the instrument for servicing.

'BAT'

This indicates that the batteries will soon require replacement. At this point there will be approximately 60 minutes operation left in a set of alkaline batteries, although this figure will vary depending on battery manufacturer, temperature conditions, usage etc. With rechargeable batteries the 'BAT' flag indicates approximately 30 minutes operation left.

As the battery power continues to fall, the LCD flashes a 'BAT FAULT' message. Subsequently the LCD displays 'OFF' and the instrument automatically switches off. The batteries should be replaced immediately.

'BAT FAULT'

This indicates that the batteries require replacing.

'1'

This message which can also appear after power on, indicates that a calibration data error has been detected. The instrument should be returned for servicing.

OPERATOR MAINTENANCE

Rechargeable Battery Pack

Three battery chargers are available from GMI, a Standard Charger, a Flatbed Charger and a Smart Charger.

Standard Charger



The GMI Standard Charger takes approximately 14 hours to charge a flat battery.

Note: The 4-button instrument is for illustration purposes only.

Flatbed Charger



The GMI Flatbed Charger allows the Oxygas 500 battery pack to be charged in NORMAL mode, which takes approximately 14 hours to charge a flat battery. The Mode Select Switch can then be set to STAND-BY, where a trickle charge will maintain the battery in a fully charged state of readiness.

Note: The 4-button instrument is for illustration purposes only.

Smart Charger



The GMI Smart Charger provides both fast and standard charging facilities and can charge an instrument and spare battery pack simultaneously. Using the standard charging option, a battery pack can be recharged in 12 hours from a fully discharged state. Using the fast charge option a battery pack can be 90% recharged in approximately 60 minutes and fully recharged in 120 minutes. To ensure optimum life length, the rechargeable pack should be fully discharged and charged on a regular basis of, at least, every three months. The Smart Charger has the option of switching to discharge and fast charge cycle to provide this facility.

Note: The 4-button instrument is for illustration purposes only.

Replacing the Battery Pack

The following procedure should be carried out in a safe area:

- 1) Loosen the two instrument base screws (4mm hex) using the special tool provided.



- 2) Remove the battery pack.

- 3) Insert new battery pack.
- 4) Fasten base screws.
- 5) Check that instrument switches on and works to specification.

Recharging the Battery Pack

The battery pack should be recharged in the following situations:

The BAT or BAT FAULT message is displayed.

The instrument will not switch on.

The pump will not switch on.

It is recommended that the battery pack is fully discharged on a regular basis (once every three months). This can be done by running the instrument continuously or using the battery conditioning facility on the Smart Charger. The batteries can be charged on the instrument but the instrument itself should be switched off. Regular complete discharge will keep the battery pack in good condition.

Replacing Alkaline (LR20) Dry Cell Batteries

All four batteries should be replaced at any one time and in a safe area. GMI only recommend the use of Energiser or Duracell cells.

- 1) Loosen the two instrument base screws (4mm hex) using the special tool provided.



- 2) Remove battery cover.
- 3) Remove the old batteries.
- 4) Check battery compartment for damage to spring contacts or corrosion on springs.


Caution: Under no circumstances should rechargeable batteries be fitted in place of Alkaline batteries.

- 5) Insert four new batteries observing correct polarity indication in battery compartment base.
- 6) Replace battery cover and fasten base screws.
- 7) Check that the instrument switches on and works to specification.

Filter Replacement

Hydrophobic and cotton particulate filters in the probe handle minimise the danger of water and dust ingress.

Caution: The instrument should never be switched on without suitable filters installed.

If a blockage occurs the 'SAMPLE FAULT' indicator is displayed. Check the sample line and probe handle for blockage. Press Button One  to clear the 'SAMPLE FAULT' message. Replace the filter(s) if the message does not clear.

To replace the filter(s), proceed as follows:

- 1) Unscrew the probe handle assembly.

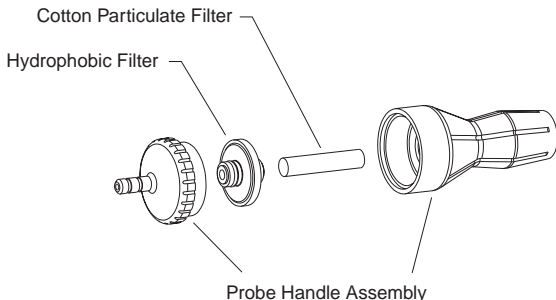


Figure 4.1 Filter Assembly

- 2) Remove the cotton particulate filter and discard.
- 3) Remove the hydrophobic filter.
- 4) Clean the probe handle to make sure that it is free from dirt and water.
- 5) Fit a new cotton particulate filter.
- 6) Fit the hydrophobic filter. The yellow label on the filter fits against the yellow label on the probe handle.
- 7) Reassemble the probe handle assembly.

CALIBRATION

The instrument has been calibrated for a particular flammable gas mixture. Where any doubt exists the instrument should be returned to GMI or an authorised distributor for calibration.

Four methods of calibration are possible:

- Field Calibration. See APPENDIX B, FIELD CALIBRATION for further details.
- Manual Calibration. The instrument can be linked to a PC running GMI Manual Calibration software.
- Automatic Calibration. The GMI Auto Test Calibration System allows calibration without manually changing gas cylinders. The system links to a PC running GMI Workshop software.
- The GMI Instrument Management System (IMS) provides all the facilities of the Auto Test Calibration System with the added feature of instrument database management.

Note: The calibration systems above (hardware and software) are manufactured by GMI. For more details contact GMI or an authorised distributor.

Calibration Validity

Calibration validity is the responsibility of the user. Under normal operating conditions a 12 month period can be expected. This is no guarantee, however, as the precise application of the product is unknown to GMI. Individual codes of practice may dictate shorter periods.

Regular checking establishes a pattern of reliability and enables the calibration check period to be modified in line with operational experience. The higher the risk, the more frequently calibration should be checked.

ACCESSORIES

Accessories Supplied with the Oxygas 500 Instrument

Part Number **42501X / 42501XR**

Part Number	Description
42247	Carrying Case
12370/2	Shoulder Harness
12451	4mm Hex. Driver
12712	Clear Sample Line x 1.5 metres. (4ft.10ins.) approx.
12480	Plastic Probe - Solid End 35cm. (1ft.2ins.) approx.
12481	Probe Handle c/w Filters
10077	Cotton Particulate Filters (Box of 10) x 2
12688	Sample Line Adaptor
42621	User Handbook

Additional Accessories Available

Part Number	Description
13184	Standard Charger / 240V Power Supply (UK PLug)
13317	Standard Charger / 220V Power Supply (Euro Plug)
13322	Standard Charger / 110V Power Supply (USA Plug)

12888	Standard Charger / 220V Power Supply (Australian Plug)
13179	Standard Charger w/o Power Supply
42121	Flatbed Charger / 240V Power Supply (UK PLug)
42122	Flatbed Charger / 220V Power Supply (Euro Plug)
42123	Flatbed Charger / 110V Power Supply (USA Plug)
12889	Flatbed Charger / 220V Power Supply (Australian Plug)
42124	Flatbed Charger w/o Power Supply
13180	240V Power Supply (UK Plug)
13320	220V Power Supply (Euro Plug)
13321	110V Power Supply (USA Plug)
12241	220V Power Supply (Australian Plug)
13100	Smart Charger with Datalogging Software c/w 240V Power Supply (UK Plug)
13440	Smart Charger with Datalogging Software c/w 220V Power Supply (Euro Plug)
13340	Smart Charger with Datalogging Software c/w 110V Power Supply (USA Plug)
12890	Smart Charger with Datalogging Software c/w 220V Power Supply (Australian Plug)
42114	Spare Rechargeable Battery Pack
13703	Manual Calibration for Windows Software
12552	Communications Link Adaptor
12358	Hydrophobic Filter (use with 12481)
12229	Stainless Steel Probe - Closed End 80cm. (2ft.6ins.) approx.
12393	Plastic Probe - Solid End 80cm. (2ft.6ins.) approx.

- 12394 Flexible Probe - Open End
35cm. (1ft.2ins.) approx.
- 13427 Plastic Probe - Open End
35cm. (1ft.2ins.) approx.
- 13413 Stainless Steel Probe - Open End
35cm. (1ft.2ins.) approx.
- 12895 Barbed Probe - Solid End
69cm. (2ft.3ins.) approx.
- 12894 Barbed Probe - Open End
69cm. (2ft.3ins.) approx.
- 13561 Probe Handle
- 13562 Probe Handle Adaptor
(use with 13563 or 13565)
- 13563 Bellows Cup Probe
- 13565 Swan Neck Probe
- 13655 Probe Shroud c/w Skids (use with 13565)
- 12365 In-Line Hydrophobic Filter Holder
- 42141 Gasurveyor 500 Standard Accessory
Pack.
Consisting of: Gasurveyor 500 Carrying
Case ; Standard Probe ; Probe Handle
Assembly ; Sample Line Adaptor ;
2 Packs Cotton Filters.
- 42151 Gasurveyor 500 Gas Industry Survey
Accessory Pack.
Consisting of: Gas Industry Survey
Carrying Case (Large) ; Probe Handle
Assembly ; Probe Handle Adaptor ;
Bellows Probe.
Note: Large carrying case has space
for special probes, e.g. Swan Neck

Note: For other sampling probes and accessories, and for calibration gases, contact GMI Ltd.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Training

Training courses are available on all our products. Contact our Marketing Department for further details:

Tel: +44 (0) 141 812 3211

Fax: +44 (0) 141 812 7820

e-mail: sales@gmiuk.com

World Wide Web

Visit our web site at www.gmiuk.com

TYPICAL OPERATING PARAMETERS

Typical operating parameters are as follows:

Gas Range	Range	Resolution	Zero Stability	Accuracy
LEL	0 to 10%	0.1%	+/- 0.5%	
	10 to 100%	1%	N/A	2% +/- 1% LEL
Volume Gas	0 to 100%	1%	+/- 2%	1% +/- 1% Gas
Oxygen	0 to 21%	0.1%	+/- 0.5%	+/- 0.5% + 3% reading
	21 to 25%	1%	N/A	+/- 0.5% + 3% reading

Notes:

All the values above are at normal temperature and pressure.

Humidity is between 0% and 95% RH (non-condensing).

Pressure changes at the inlet and exhaust are minimised as they may cause transient changes in reading.

Size

180mm (7.08") x 95mm (3.74") x 105mm (4.13")

Weight

1.7kg (3.75lbs.) with alkaline batteries

Operating Temperature

-20 °C to 50 °C (-4 °F to 122 °F)

Humidity

0 – 95% RH

Construction

Moulded polypropylene case protected to IP54

Display

LCD containing:

Analogue display scaled 0-10, 0-100, 0-1000 or 0-10000

4 digit digital display

3 character range indication

Operational flags

Sampling System

Integral pump with flow fail sensor.

The sample path is protected by the hydrophobic filter and automatic pump switch off.

Power Source

4 'D' size alkaline cells giving approximately 15 hours runtime at 20 °C (68 °F)..

Rechargeable (NiCd) battery pack giving approximately 9 hours runtime at 20 °C (68 °F).

FIELD CALIBRATION

Field calibration allows simple calibration to be carried out in the field without the use of additional test equipment. Other calibration procedures require the use of the GMI Manual Calibration software or the Workshop System.

There are fundamentals, in terms of instrument calibration, that should be noted:

- The gas should be of known traceable quality and have total analysis.
- The gas should be applied in the same manner as the instrument is used, e.g. at a known pressure which is constant and around, or slightly above, normal atmospheric pressure.
- The use of demand type regulators is not recommended on instruments with Oxygen or Toxic cells since these are affected by pressure pulses.

In Field Calibration Mode (FCM) the buttons perform the functions indicated in CAL Mode or SPAN Mode as shown in Figure B-1.

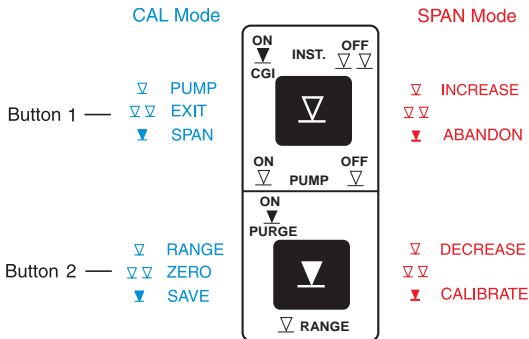



Figure B-1 Button Functions

To simplify button operation when calibrating the instrument, an overlay card, shown in Figure B-2, is available and can be placed over the top face of the instrument to identify calibration button functions. Contact GMI for details.




Figure B-2 Instrument Overlay Card

Selectable Ranges in FCM

When in FCM the following ranges are manually selectable by pressing Button Two  : LEL, Volume GAS, Oxygen.

Entering FCM

- 1) Switch the instrument on and allow it to complete its warm-up checks.
- 2) Double press Button One  to initiate instrument switch off. While OFF is displayed in the LCD and before the instrument actually switches off, enter the access code.

Note: Allow at least one second between button presses when entering the button sequence. The default (factory set) entry code is button sequence 1,2,1,2. Alternative codes are user selectable.

When the instrument is in FCM, the “CAL” message alternates on the display with the currently selected range. An example of the display is shown in Figure B-3.

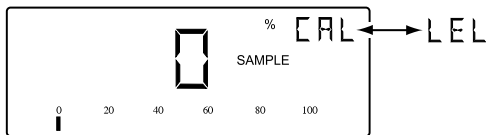


Figure B-3 Field Calibration Display

In CAL mode, the instrument buttons have the functions shown in Figure B-4.





CAL Mode	Single Press	Double Press	Press and Hold
Button 1 	Toggle Pump On / Off	Exit CAL Mode	Enter SPAN Mode
Button 2 	Next Range	Zero Current Range	Save CAL Data

Figure B-4 CAL Mode Button Functions

Zeroing the Instrument

- 1) Enter FCM. See the previous section ENTERING FCM.
- 2) Double press Button Two  to zero current gas range.
- 3) Single press Button Two  to select the next gas range.
- 4) Repeat steps 2 and 3 until all gas ranges have been zeroed.
- 5) Proceed to FIELD CALIBRATION PROCEDURE to calibrate the instrument.

Field Calibration Procedure

- 1) Zero gas ranges before attempting calibration. See previous section ZEROING THE INSTRUMENT for details.
- 2) Make sure that the instrument pump is running and the gas range selected is compatible with the calibration gas.

Note: A single press of Button One  toggles the pump Off / On.

- 3) Remove the cap from calibration gas cylinder. Make sure that the regulator valve is in the fully closed position (Off) then connect the gas regulator to the gas cylinder (push down gently and tighten clockwise, hand tight). See Figure B-5 for details.

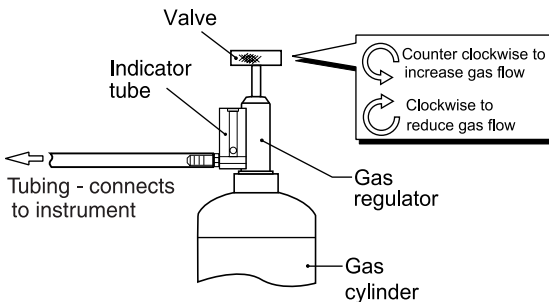



Figure B-5 Connecting Gas

- 4) Turn the regulator valve counter clockwise to open the valve slightly. Make sure that the gas is flowing before connecting the sample tubing to the instrument, otherwise an instrument sample fault may occur.
- 5) Connect tubing from regulator to instrument inlet then adjust the regulator valve to maintain a constant flow of gas (counter clockwise to increase flow and clockwise to decrease).. The correct flow rate is achieved when the ball in the indicator tube floats just above its resting position.
- 6) Wait for the instrument gas reading to settle.
- 7) If the displayed reading corresponds to the concentration of calibration gas, i.e. 50% LEL (2.5% Methane in Air), proceed to paragraph 10.
- 8) If the displayed reading does not correspond to the concentration of calibration gas, i.e. 50% LEL (2.5% Methane in Air), press and hold Button One  to enter SPAN mode.

SPAN mode is indicated by the selected range, in this case LEL, and SPN alternating in the display as shown in Figure B-6.

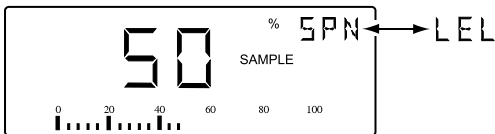


Figure B-6 SPAN Mode Display

In SPAN mode, the instrument buttons have the functions shown in Figure B-7.







SPAN Mode	Single Press	Double Press	Press and Hold
Button 1 	Increase Set Point	–	Exit SPAN Without CAL
Button 2 	Decrease Set Point	–	Exit SPAN With CAL

Figure B-7 SPAN Mode Button Functions

8a) In SPAN mode, a single press of Button One  will produce small incremental changes to increase display reading, or a single press of Button Two  will produce small decremental changes to decrease display reading, until the displayed gas value corresponds to the concentration of the calibration gas.

8b) When required reading has been reached, press and hold Button Two  to exit SPAN mode with calibration. The display may jump above and below required reading momentarily as the instrument performs the calibration.

Note: If for any reason you require to exit SPAN mode without calibration of the instrument, press and hold Button One .

- 9) The calibrated instrument display will now return to CAL mode display as shown in Figure B-8.

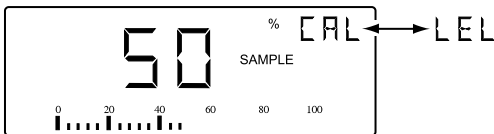




Figure B-8 50% LEL Display

- 10) Make sure that correct reading is displayed before disconnecting the calibration gas then disconnect tubing from instrument inlet and turn regulator valve on calibration gas cylinder in a clockwise direction to turn off gas flow.
- 11) Make sure that the regulator valve is in the fully closed position (Off) then disconnect the regulator from the gas cylinder (turn regulator body in a counter clockwise direction).
- 12) Replace the cap on the calibration gas cylinder.
- 13) Repeat steps 1 to 12 for each range to be calibrated otherwise quit FCM. See QUITTING FCM for further details.

Quitting FCM

Quit And Save Changes

- 1) Press and hold Button Two  to save CAL data.
- 2) Double press Button One  to exit FCM.

Note: When all ranges have been zeroed, calibrated correctly, CAL data saved and followed by CAL mode exit, the new CAL DUE date will be set to 12 months from now. (This can be altered to a different frequency, via the set-up program, e.g. 6 months from now. Contact GMI for details).

Quit Without Saving Changes

- 1) Double press Button One  to exit FCM.

Note: When you exit the FCM without saving the new CAL data, the old calibration data and calibration date remains in the instrument memory.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The following multi-language instructions provide the user with a quick guide to the operation of the . . .

 **Oxygas 500** instrument.

Each language and pages reference is as follows:



- **English** - pages C-2 to C-5
- **Deutsch** (German) - pages C-6 to C-9
- **L'italiano** (Italian) - pages C-10 to C-13
- **Svensk** (Swedish) - pages C-14 to C-17
- **Dansk** (Danish) - pages C-18 to C-21
- **Nederlands** (Dutch) - pages C-22 to C-25
- **Greek** - pages C-26 to C-29

CHECKLIST

1. Check the instrument has no obvious faults.
2. Check accessories.
3. Read and understand handbook before use.
4. Switch ON
5. Check battery levels.
6. Check "ZERO" in fresh air.

SAFETY

- The instrument must be regularly serviced and calibrated by fully trained personnel in a safe area.
- **Batteries:** Alkaline batteries or *Rechargeable battery pack must be exchanged (*and recharged) in a safe area and fitted correctly before use. Never use damaged batteries or expose to extreme heat.
- Only GMI replacement parts should be used.
- If the instrument detects gas, follow your own organisation's procedures and operational guidelines.
- The combustion chamber is a flameproof assembly and must not be opened in the presence of a flammable atmosphere.
- Oxygas 500 instruments are certified as EEx iad IIC T4 ($-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq 50^{\circ}\text{C}$).

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UL Class 1 Groups A, B, C and D.

- This equipment is designed and manufactured to protect against other hazards as defined in paragraph 1.2.7 of Annex II of the ATEX Directive 94/9/EC

Any right of claim relating to product liability or consequential damage to any third party against GMI is removed if the warnings are not observed.

AREAS OF USE

Exposure to certain chemicals can result in a loss of sensitivity of the flammable sensor. Where such environments are known or suspected it is recommended that more frequent response checks are carried out. The chemical compounds that can cause loss of sensitivity include Silicones, Lead, Halogens and Sulphur. Do not use instrument in potentially hazardous atmospheres containing greater than 21% Oxygen.

The enclosure material is polypropylene and must not be exposed to environments which are liable to result in mechanical or thermal degradation or to damage caused by contact with aggressive substances. Additional protection may be required in environments where the instrument enclosure is liable to damage.

OPERATOR MESSAGES / FAULT FLAGS

Various messages can appear on the LCD screen to indicate instrument status.

'SAMPLE' Indication that the pump is running and the instrument is sampling.

'OFF' Indication that the instrument is about to switch off. This command can be cancelled by a single press of any button.

'SAMPLE FAULT' Indication of a problem with the instrument's flow due to the sample path being blocked, water ingress, a blocked filter or pump failure. In Measure mode, the pump stops automatically.

The sample line, filters etc. should be checked for water ingress or blockage and Button One should then be pressed to restart the pump.

'CHECK ZERO' Indication that there may have been a zero shift due to the presence of gas. Switch off the instrument and switch on again in fresh air.

'ZERO FAULT' Indication that the zero is outwith its calibration limits. Switch the instrument off and then on again in fresh air. If the fault does not clear, return the instrument for servicing.

'BAT' Indication that the batteries will soon require replacement. At this point there will be approximately 60 minutes left in a set of alkaline batteries, although this figure will vary depending on battery manufacturer, temperature conditions, usage etc.

With rechargeable batteries the 'BAT' flag indicates approximately 30 minutes operation left.

As the battery power continues to fall, the LCD flashes a 'BAT FAULT' message. Subsequently the LCD displays 'OFF' and the instrument automatically switches off.

The batteries should be replaced immediately.

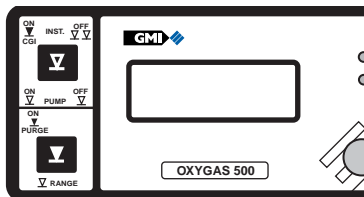
'BAT FAULT' Indication that the batteries should be replaced immediately.

'1' Indication, which can also appear after power on, that a calibration data error has been detected. The instrument should be returned for servicing.

OPERATION


BUTTON 1

BUTTON 2



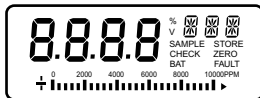
Switch ON (CGI Mode)


LEL autoranging to Volume Gas ; Oxygen.

Press and Hold Button One  to switch instrument and pump On. This initiates the instrument's warm-up cycle.

Switch ON (Purge Mode)

0 to 100% Volume Gas ; Oxygen, for purge applications.

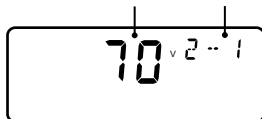


Press and Hold Button Two  to switch instrument and pump On. This initiates the instrument's warm-up cycle.

All LCD segments are displayed

All LCD segments display is followed by Instrument Type and Software version,

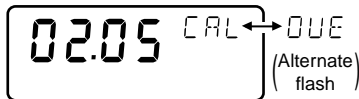
Instrument type Software version



then Battery status, as shown:

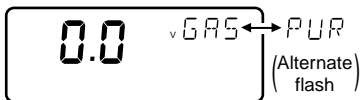


Next, the instrument indicates, as month and year, when the next calibration is due. (February 2005 in example)




The CAL DUE display screen is followed by the current gas detection reading.

Note: When in Purge mode, the PURGE flag is activated on the display, as shown:



Pump ON / OFF

A single press of Button One  when the pump is running turns the pump off and stops sampling. A further press of Button One turns the pump back on.

Changing Range

Each single press of Button Two  changes the gas range.

The display cycles through the available ranges in the order:
LEL/Vol.Gas – Oxygen – LEL/Vol.Gas, etc. (CGI Mode)
Vol. Gas – Oxygen – Vol. Gas, etc. (Purge Mode).

Switch OFF

A double press of Button One  turns the instrument Off.

Pruefliste

1. Gerat auf sichtbare Beschadigungen pruefen
2. Zubehoer ueberpruefen
3. Vor der Inbetriebnahme das Handbuch lesen, oder mit der Handhabung des Instrument's vertraut sein
4. Gerat einschalten und laut Anleitung ueberpruefen
5. Batterieanzeige ueberpruefen
6. Nullpunkt in frischer Luft ueberpruefen

Sicherheitshinweise

- Das Instrument muss regelmaessig gewartet und durch Fachpersonal kalibriert werden.
- Alkali oder wiederaufladbare Batterien duerfen nur in Ex freier Zone gewechselt oder aufgeladen werden. Sichere Befestigung vor Gebrauch pruefen.
- Keine beschadigten Batterien verwenden, und grosse Hitzeeinwirkungen auf die Batterien vermeiden
- Nur Original GMI Ersatzteile verwenden
- Beim Auftreten von Gas, die jeweils gueltigen Vorschriften befolgen
- Gas kann gefaehrlich sein, und ist daher mit Vorsicht zu behandeln
- Die Messkammer ist flammensicher ausgefuehrt und darf nicht in Ex Zonen geoeffnet werd
- Oxygas 500 Instrumente sind zertifiziert nach: EEx iad IIC T4 (-20°C ≤ bis ≤ 50°C).

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UL Klasse 1 Gruppe A,B,C und D.

- Das Instrument ist zur geeignet zur Verwendung nach Paragraph 1.2.7 Anh.II ATEX 94/9/EC

Alle Haftungsansprueche gegenueber GMI entfallen, wenn die Sicherheits- hinweise nicht beachtet werden

Verwendungsgebiete

Das auftreten von verschiedenen Chemikalien kann die Empfindlichkeit des Sensors fuer brennbare Gase beeinflussen. Beim vorhandensein dieser Stoffe ist ein kuerzeres Serviceintervall erforderlich. Folgende Komponenten fuehren zur verringering der Sensorempfindlichkeit: Silicone, Halogene und Schwefel. Das Instrument darf nicht in Athmosphaeren mit mehr als 21% Sauerstoff verwendet werden. Im Gehaeuseaufbau sind Polypropylenzusaeetze enthalten, es sind daher Umgebungen, welche zu mechanischen Beschaeedigungen fuehren und Waerme enthalten zu vermeiden. Weiters ist das Instrument vor Beschaeedigungen zu schuetzen.

Betriebshinweise /Stoerungsmeldungen

Verschiedene Anzeigen am Display geben den Geraetestatus an
'SAMPLE' Pumpe laeuft und Messung erfolgt.

'OFF' Instrument im Abschaltmodus, 1x Druecken einer beliebigen Taste unterbricht diesen Vorgang

'SAMPLE FAULT' Probenleitung, Filter oder Pumpe verlegt, ev. Wassereintritt, Pumpenstop automatisch, Filter, Leitung etc. pruefen. Mit Taste 1 Pumpe wieder starten.

'CHECK ZERO' Nullpunktdrift durch Einschalten in nicht gasfreier Umgebung. Geraet Ausschalten und wieder Einschalten in Frischluft

'ZERO FAULT' Nullpunkt ausserhalb der limitierten Werte. Geraet Ausschalten u. wieder Einschalten in Frischluft, wenn der Fehler bleibt, Geraet zum Service geben.

'BAT' Batterien sollen bald gewechselt werden.

Betrieb max.60 min. mit Alkaline Batterien abhaengig vom Hersteller, Verwendung, Temperatur etc.

Betrieb max.30 min. mit aufladbaren Batterien. Wenn die Batteriespannung laufend absinkt, blinkt 'BATFAULT' im Display, anschliessend erscheint OFF und das Geraet schaltet ab.

Batteriewechsel erforderlich

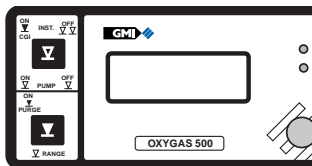
'BAT FAULT' Batteriewechsel erforderlich

'1' Kalibrierfehler. Geraet zum Service.

Bedienung

TASTE 1

TASTE 2




Einschalten (CGI Modus 1)

LEL automatische Umschaltung auf Volume Gas ; Sauerstoff.

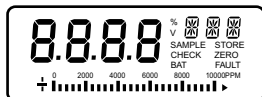
Taste 1  Druecken und Halten, Gerat und Pumpe ein und die Selbsttestphase beginnt.

Einschalten (Purge Modus 2)

0 bis 100% Volume Gas ;
Sauerstoff, Für Spülings (Purge)
Anwendungen

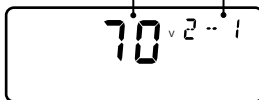
Taste 2  Druecken und Halten,
Gerät und Pumpe ein und die
Selbsttestphase beginnt.

die Instrument Type,
Softwareversion



Alle LCD Segmente werden kurz
dargestellt,

Instrument type Software
type version

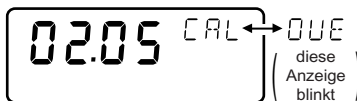


und der Batteriezustand,



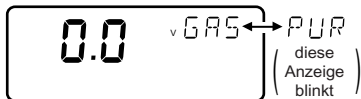
sowie Monat und Jahr
der naechst faelligen
Kalibrierung.

z.B. February 2005.




Weiters wird das Kalibriergas angezeigt.


Hinweis: Im Purge Modus blinkt die Anzeige PURGE laufend



Pumpe Ein/Aus

Taste 1  1x Druecken Start bzw. Stop der laufenden Pumpe und der Probenahme. Erneutes Druecken startet die Pumpe wieder

Messbereichswechsel

Taste 2  1x Druecken wechselt den Messbereich

Im Display wechselt folgende Anzeige

LEL/Vol.Gas – Oxygen – LEL/Vol.Gas, etc. (CGI Modus 1)

Vol. Gas – Oxygen – Vol. Gas, etc. (Purge Modus 2).

Ausschalten



Taste 1  2x Druecken

PRIMA DELL'USO

1. Verificare che lo strumento non abbia dei guasti.
2. Verificare gli accessori.
3. Leggere il manuale d'uso.
4. Accendere lo strumento (vedi retro)
5. Verifica della carica della batteria.
6. Verificare lo Zero in aria pulita.

SICUREZZA

- Lo strumento deve essere regolarmente calibrato da personale istruito in un'area sicura.
- **Batterie:** Le batterie Alkaline o il * pacco batteria ricaricabile, devono essere sostituite (*ricaricata) in un'area sicura e fissate correttamente allo strumento prima dell'uso. Mai utilizzare batterie danneggiate oppure sottoporle ad un'alta temperatura.
- Utilizzare solamente ricambi GMI.
- Se lo strumento rivelasse del gas, seguire le proprie procedure organizzative e le indicazioni operative del caso.
- La camera di combustione è a prova di fiamma e non deve essere aperta in presenza di gas infiammabile nell'atmosfera.
- Oxygas 500 è uno strumento certificato con:
EEx iad IIC T4 ($-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq 50^{\circ}\text{C}$).

BAS01ATEX2292   II 2 G.



UL Class 1 Groups A, B, C and D.

- Questo equipaggiamento è progettato e costruito per proteggere contro altri pericoli come descritto nel paragrafo 1.2.7 of Annex II of the ATEX Directive 94/9/EC
Ogni diritto di reclamo, relativo alla responsabilità del prodotto o a danni verso terzi, contro GMI si rimuove se non vengono osservate le norme di sicurezza.

AREE D'USO

L'esposizione ad agenti chimici condiziona la sensibilità del sensore del gas. Quando tali ambienti sono conosciuti o sospettati è raccomandabile una verifica più frequente della misura. I componenti che possono causare una perdita di sensibilità sono a base di silicone, piombo, alogeno e solfuri. Lo strumento non deve essere usato in

una area potenzialmente pericolosa contenente più del 21% di Ossigeno. La scocca è in polipropilene, non deve essere esposta in ambienti che possono essere responsabili di una degradazione meccanica, termica oppure a contatto con sostanze corrosive. Una protezione aggiuntiva può essere richiesta se lo strumento debba includere la possibilità di essere danneggiato.

MESSAGGI OPERATIVI/GUASTO

Vari messaggi possono comparire sul display dello strumento per indicarne lo stato.

'SAMPLE' Indica che la pompa è in funzione, quindi lo strumento sta campionando.

'OFF' Indica la fase di spegnimento. Il comando può essere interrotto premendo un qualsiasi pulsante della tastiera.

'SAMPLE FAULT' Indica un problema con il flusso dell'aria campionata dovuto a una ostruzione della linea di campionamento, ingresso d'acqua, filtro in cotone intasato oppure un guasto alla pompa. Può anche indicare un problema al circuito del sensore di flusso. In modalità di misura la pompa in questi casi si ferma automaticamente. Verificare i filtri e la linea di campionamento e riavviare la pompa con il primo pulsante.

'CHECK ZERO' Indica che potrebbe esserci uno spostamento dello zero, dovuto alla presenza di gas nell'aria. Spegner e riaccendere lo strumento in aria pulita.

'ZERO FAULT' Indica che lo zero è fuori calibrazione. Lo strumento deve essere spento e riacceso in aria pulita. Se il guasto permane inviarlo al Servizio Assistenza.

'BAT' Indica che le batterie dovrebbero al più presto essere sostituite. A questo punto le batterie Alkaline potranno approssimativamente durare 60 minuti, benchè questa condizione dipenda dal fabbricante, dalle condizioni ambientali ecc.

Con il pacco batteria ricaricabile il messaggio 'BAT' indica circa 30 minuti di autonomia operativa.

Quando la carica della batteria è insufficiente, il display visualizza il messaggio 'BAT FAULT'. Successivamente la pompa si spegne e compare la scritta 'OFF', lo strumento si spegne in automatico. Le batterie devono essere sostituite immediatamente.

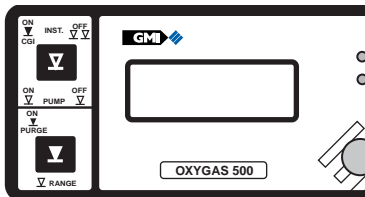
'BAT FAULT' Le batterie devono essere sostituite immediatamente.

'1' Questo messaggio, che può comparire durante la fase d'accensione, indica che è stato rilevato un errore di calibrazione. Inviare lo strumento al Servizio Assistenza.

OPERAZIONI

PULSANTE 1

PULSANTE 2



Accensione (CGI Modalità 1)


LEL autoranging con il Volume Gas ; Ossigeno.

Tenere premuto il pulsante 1  per accendere lo strumento e la pompa.

Questo darà inizio al ciclo di accensione dello strumento.

Accensione (Spurgo Modalità 2)

0 a 100% Volume Gas ; Ossigeno, per applicazioni di spurgo.

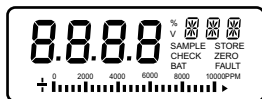
Tenere premuto il pulsante 2 

e r accendere lo strumento e la pompa. Questo darà inizio al ciclo di accensione.

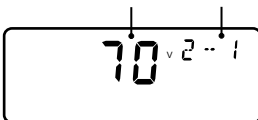
Tutti i segmenti del LCD si illuminano.

Segue poi sul display LCD il tipo di strumento e la versione del Software,

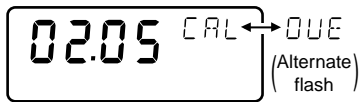
poi lo stato delle batterie, come vedi:



Instrument type Software version

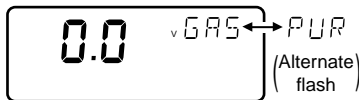


Dopo lo strumento indica il mese e anno della prossima calibrazione dovuta 'CAL DUE'. (esempio Febbraio 2005)




Quindi il display, dopo la CAL DUE, segue con la lettura corrente del gas..

Nota: Quando in modalità 2 viene attivato un messaggio sul display, come vedi:



Pompa ON / OFF

Una singola pressione del pulsante 1 , quando la pompa è in funzione, permette di fermarla. Un'ulteriore pressione del pulsante 1 aziona la pompa nuovamente.

Cambio di Scala


Ogni pressione del pulsante 2 , cambia la scala di lettura del gas.

Il ciclo disponibile viene visualizzato secondo questo ordine:

LEL/Vol.Gas – Ossigeno – LEL/Vol.Gas, ecc. (CGI Modalità 1)

Vol. Gas – Ossigeno – Vol. Gas, ecc. (Spurgo Modalità 2).

Spegnimento



Una doppia pressione del pulsante 1 , spegne lo strumento.

CHECKLISTA

1. Kontrollera att instrumentet ej har några synliga fel.
2. Kontrollera samtliga tillbehör.
3. Läs och förstå instruktionsboken innan Du använder instrumentet
4. Slå på instrumentet (se nedanstående)
5. Kontrollera batteriets kapacitet.
6. Kontrollera "Nollan" i frisk luft.

SÄKERHET

- Instrumentet skall regelbundet kontrolleras och kalibreras av kunnig personal i härför avsedd miljö.
- **Batterier:** Alkaline batterier eller Laddningsbara batteripaket måste laddas eller bytas utanför Ex-klassat område och monteras på rätt sätt. Använd aldrig skadat batteri. Det får ej heller utsättas för höga temperaturer.
- Endast GMI-originaldelar får användas.
- Om instrumentet reagerar för gas skall Ert företags normala rutiner följas.
- Mätkammaren för brännbar gas är en Ex-klassad enhet och får ej öppnas då risk för sådan gas föreligger.
- Oxygas 500 instrumentet är klassat enligt "EEx iad IIC T4" ($-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq 50^{\circ}\text{C}$).

BAS01 "ATEX2292   II 2 G".



UL "Class 1 Groups A, B, C and D".

- Denna utrustning är konstruerad och tillverkad för att skydda mot andra risker än definitionen i paragraf 1.2.7 i Annex II i ATEX Direktivet 94/9/EC

All rätt till skadestånd med hänvisning till produktansvar eller skada hos tredje man gentemot GMI upphör om denna varning ej beaktas.

ANVÄNDNINGSSOMRÅDE

Exponering för vissa kemikalier kan resultera i att sensorn för brännbara gaser skadas. I sådan atmosfär rekommenderas att ofta kontrollera instrumentets känslighet. De kemiska substanser som kan orsaka försämrade reaktion är bl.a. Silikoner, Bly, Halogener and Sulfider. Använd inte instrumentet där sygenhalten kan överskrida 21vol%. Instrumenthuset är tillverkat av polypropylen och får ej utsättas för eller komma i kontakt med vissa kemikalier. En ytterligare skyddsväska kan vara nödvändig då instrumentet används i speciella miljöer.

MEDDELANDEN / TECKEN I DISPLAYEN

Olika besked visas i displayen för att indikera instrumentets status.

'SAMPLE' Betyder att pumpen går och instrumentet suger.

'OFF' Betyder att instrumentet håller på att stängas av. Detta kommando kan avbrytas genom att trycka på någon knapp.

'SAMPLE FAULT' Betyder att flödet inte är korrekt. Detta kan bero på att sondslangen är blockerad, vätska har sugits in i instrumentet, filtret är igensatt eller fel på pumpen. När instrumentet körs i Measure- eller Purge-läge stanna pumpen automatiskt.

Sondslang och filter skall kontrolleras varefter knappen "One" trycks ner och återstartar pumpen.

'CHECK ZERO' Betyder att nolljusteringen ej kunnat utföras på grund av närvaro av gas. Stäng av instrumentet och återstarta det i ren luft..

'ZERO FAULT' Betyder att "nollan" ligger utanför sin gräns. Stäng av instrumentet och återstarta det i ren luft. Om felet inte försvinner lämnas instrumentet för service till kvalificerad personal.

'BAT' Betyder att batteriet snart behöver bytas. Då detta meddelande visas är den återstående drifttiden med alkalinebatterier ca. 60 minuter. Denna tid kan dock variera mycket beroende på fabrikat, temperatur m.m.

Med laddningsbart batteri visas 'BAT' när det återstår ca. 30 minuter. Vartefter batterispänningen fortsätter att sjunka blinker 'BAT FAULT'. Slutligen visas 'OFF' och instrumentet stänger av sig automatiskt.

Batteriet skall omedelbart bytas eller laddas.

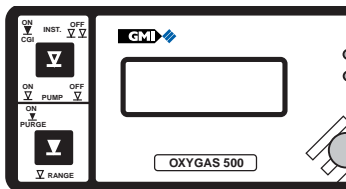
'BAT FAULT' Betyder att batteriet skall bytas omedelbart.

'1' Betyder även efter att instrumentet satts i gång att informationen angående kalibrering är felaktig. Instrumentet skall lämnas för service.

BRUKSANVISNING


KNAPP 1

KNAPP 2




Slå på (CGI Alternativ 1)

%LEL växlar automatiskt till vol% Gas, Oxygen

Tryck och håll nere knapp "1"  för att sätta på instrumentet och pumpen. Detta startar en automatisk kontroll och uppvärmning av instrumentet:

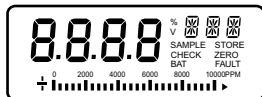
Slå på (Purge Alternativ 2)

0 till 100 vol% Gas samt Oxygen för "Purge applications".

Tryck och håll knapp "2"  för att starta instrumentet och pumpen. Detta startar en automatisk kontroll och uppvärmning av instrumentet.

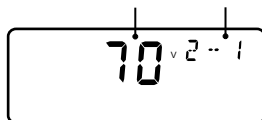
och åtföljs av Instrumentets beteckning, mjukvaruversion

och batteristatus.

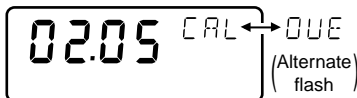


Alla tecken visas i displayen

Instrument type Software version

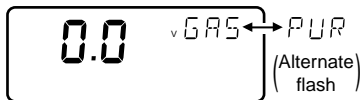


Härefter visas med månad och år när instrumentet skall kalibreras. (t.ex. Februari 2005)




Dessa meddelande följs av den aktuella gaskoncentrationen.


Anm. Är instrumentet i "Purge mode" är indikeringen för "PURGE" synlig i displayen :



Pump AV / PÅ

Ett tryck på knapp "1"  då pumpen går stoppar pumpen. Med ytterligare ett tryck startar pumpen igen.

Byte av mätområde


Varje tryckning på knapp "2"  ändrar mätområdet.

Displayen ändras i ordningsföljden:

%LEL / vol%Gas – Oxygen – %LEL / vol%Gas etc. (CGI Alternativ 1)

Vol% Gas – Oxygen – Vol% Gas etc. (Purge Alternativ 2)

Stäng av



Ett dubbeltryck på knapp "1"  stänger av instrumentet. ("Off" visas i displayen och instrumentet går igenom en "avstängningssekvens" under ca. 5 sek.).

Tjek liste

1. Tjek at instrumentet ikke har nogle åbenlyse fejl.
3. Tjek tilbehør.
4. Læs og forstå bruger manualen før brug.
5. Tænd instrumentet
6. Tjek batteriet level.
7. Tænd altid og nulstil i frisk luft.

Sikkerhed

- Instrumentet skal regelmæssigt serviceres og kalibreres af autoriseret personale.
- Opladning af batterier skal ske i et sikkert rum.
- Tjek batteriet sidder rigtigt fast på instrumentet før brug.
- Udsæt aldrig batteri eller instrumentet for ekstrem varme.
- Brug kun GMI reserve dele til instrumentet.
- Hvis instrumentet konstaterer gas, følg da de procedure som din organisation har foreskrevet.
- Forbrændings kammer er brandsikker tilbehør, og må ikke åbnes i almindelig atmosfære.
- Ethvert krav i forbindelse med produkt ansvar eller følge skade på tredje part imod GMI, er fjernet hvis de ovenstående forskrifter ikke håndhæves.
- Oxygas 500 instrument er certificeret ifølge:
EEx iad IIC T4 ($-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq 50^{\circ}\text{C}$).

BAS01ATEX2292   II 2 G



UL Class 1 Groups A, B, C and D.

Bruger områder

Afdækning af bestemte kemikalier kan resultere i tab af følsomheden i LEL sensoren. Hvor disse omgivelser er kendte eller mistænkt, anbefales det at foretage målinger oftere. Den kemiske sammensætning som kan resultere i tab af følsomhed, inkludere silikoner, bly, halogen og svovl. Brug ikke instrumentet ved potentiel farlig atmosfære, der indeholder mere end 21 % ilt.

Brugerbeskeder og fejl

Forskellige beskeder/tegn forekommer på displayet under brug.

'SAMPLE' fortæller at pumpen kører, og at instrumentet optager prøver.

'OFF' Indikerer at instrumentet er ved at slukke. Denne kommando kan afbrydes ved et tryk på en anden knap.

'SAMPLE FAULT' Fortæller at der er et problem under prøve sugning, som kan være følgende: opsugning af skidt, vand, filter blokering eller eb fejl i pumpen. Under måling og "purge" stopper pumpen automatisk. Tjek for disse fejl, og tryk på knap 1 for at genstarte pumpen.

'CHECK ZERO' Indikerer at der måske har været en fejl under måling. Sluk instrumentet og tænd igen i frisk luft.

'ZERO FAULT' Indikerer at nul grænsen er uden for kalibreringsområdet. Sluk instrumentet og tænd igen i frisk luft. Hvis fejlen ikke er væk, send instrumentet til service.

'BAT' Fortæller at batteriet snart løber tør for strøm. Alt efter kvaliteten af Alkaline batterier, vil der ca. være 60 minutter tilbage. Med genopladelige batterier er der ca. 30 minutter tilbage. Efter strømmen herfra falder, begynder 'BAT FAULT' at blikke. Efter noget tid slukkes instrumentet automatisk.

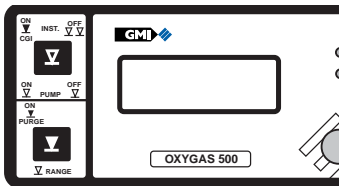
'BAT FAULT' Fortæller at batteriet straks skal skiftes.

'1' Kan fremkomme efter opstart, betyder at der er en kalibrerings fejl. Instrumentet skal sendes til service.


Tænd Oxygen

KNAP 1

KNAP 2




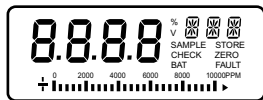
CGI Mode 1, LEL/Volume Gas; llt

Tryk og hold nede den knap 1 , så startes opvarmnings processen og pumpen.

Purge Mode 2, 0-100 Volume Gas; llt, til purge

Tryk og hold nede den knap 2

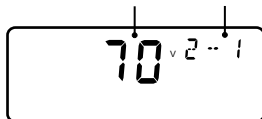
, så startes opvarmnings processen og pumpen.



Under opvarmning identificeres:

Model
serienummer Software
version

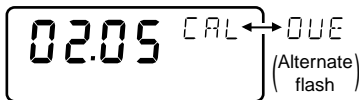
model, serienummer, software
version,



batteristatus,

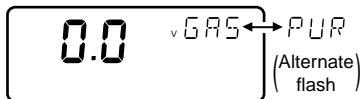


kalibrerings måned og år.




Herefter vil displayet begynde at vise målinger.

Bemærk at når instrumentet er i "purge" mode, vil "purge" blinke på displayet.



Pumpe

Et tryk på knap 1 , når pumpen kører, stopper pumpen og målingen. Et tryk mere på knap 1 starter pumpen og målingen igen.

Skifte måling


Et hvert tryk på knap 2 , og gas målingen skifter.

Displayet viser målingerne på følger måde:

LEL/Vol.Gas – llt – LEL/Vol.Gas, ect. (CGI mode 1)

Vol.Gas – llt – Vol.Gas, ect. (Purge mode 2)

Sluk Oxygen



Tryk 2 gange på knap 1 .

CHECKLIST

1. Kijk na of het instrument geen zichtbare fouten vertoont.
2. Kijk de accessoires na.
3. Lees en begrijp het handboek voor gebruik.
4. Schakel het toestel aan (zie volgende bladzijde).
5. Kijk het batterijniveau na.
6. Controleer "NUL" in open lucht.

VEILIGHEID

- De instrumenten moeten regelmatig nagekeken en gekalibreerd worden door daartoe opgeleid personeel in een veilig lokaal.
- **Batterijen:** Alkaline batterijen en herlaadbare batterijen moeten vervangen en heropgeladen worden in een veilige omgeving en moeten precies passen voor gebruik. Gebruik nooit beschadigde batterijen of stel ze niet aan extreme hitte bloot.
- Alleen GMI wisselstukken mogen gebruikt worden.
- Indien het instrument gas detecteert, volg dan uw eigen bedrijfsprocedure en gebruiksaanwijzing.
- De verbrandingskamer is een brandvrij onderdeel en mag niet geopend worden in een ontvlambare atmosfeer.
- Oxygas 500 instrumenten zijn gecertificeerd zoals EEx iad IIC T4 ($-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Tamb} \leq 50^{\circ}\text{C}$).

BAS01ATEX2292   II 2 G.



UL Klasse 1 Groepen A, B, C en D.

- Dit toestel is ontwikkeld en gemaakt om ons te beschermen tegen voorvallen zoals beschreven in paragraaf 1.2.7 van Annex II van de ATEX 94/9/EC

Elke recht op een claim met betrekking tot de betrouwbaarheid of de daardoor veroorzaakte schade van welke derde partij dan ook aan GMI zal verworpen worden indien de waarschuwingen genegeerd zijn.

PLAATSEN VAN GEBRUIK

Blootstelling aan bepaalde chemicaliën kan resulteren in een verlies van gevoeligheid van de brandsensor. Indien deze omgevingen bekend zijn of vermoed worden, is het aanbevolen om meer frequente check-ups uit te voeren. Chemische stoffen die een

verlies van gevoeligheid kunnen veroorzaken zijn siliconen, lood, halogenen en zwavel. Gebruik het instrument niet in een schadelijke atmosfeer met meer dan 21 % zuurstof. Het omhullende materiaal is polypropyleen en dit mag niet blootgesteld worden aan omgevingen die waarschijnlijk resulteren in mechanische of thermische degradatie of schade veroorzaakt door contact met agressieve substanties. Bijkomende bescherming kan nodig zijn in omgevingen waar het omhulsel van het instrument onderhevig kan zijn aan schade.

GEBRUIKSBOODSCHAPPEN / FOUTMELDINGEN

Verschillende boodschappen kunnen op het LCD scherm verschijnen om de status van het instrument aan te duiden.

'SAMPLE' Indicatie dat de pomp draait en dat het instrument meet.

'OFF' Indicatie dat het instrument bijna gaat uitschakelen. Dit kan geannuleerd worden door een enkele druk op eendert welke knop.

'SAMPLE FAULT' Indicatie van een probleem met de instroom van het instrument doordat de invoer geblokkeerd is, door waterinsijpeling, een verstopte filter of falen van de pomp. Bij meting stopt de pomp automatisch. De invoer, filters etc. moeten gecontroleerd worden op waterinsijpeling of verstopping en knop één moet dan ingedruwd worden om de pomp te herstarten.

'CHECK ZERO' Indicatie dat het nulpunt gewijzigd kan zijn door de aanwezigheid van gas. Schakel het instrument uit en opnieuw aan in frisse lucht.

'ZERO FAULT' Indicatie dat het nulpunt buiten de kalibratielimiets valt. Schakel het instrument uit en opnieuw aan in frisse lucht. Indien de foutmelding niet verdwijnt, breng het toestel terug voor onderhoud.

'BAT' Indicatie dat de batterijen weldra aan vervanging toe zijn. Nu resten er nog ongeveer 60 minuten met alkaline batterijen, alhoewel dit erg afhankelijk is van de batterijenproducent, temperatuur, gebruik etc. Met herlaadbare batterijen duidt 'BAT' nog ongeveer 30 minuten resterende gebruiksduur aan. Naarmate de batterijkraft daalt, knippert op het LCD scherm 'BAT FAULT'. Daarna zal de LCD automatisch 'OFF' vertonen en schakelt het toestel zelf uit. De batterijen moeten dan onmiddellijk vervangen worden.

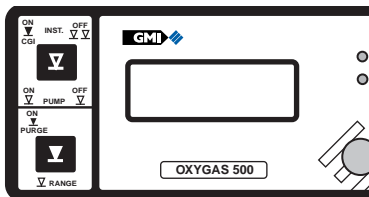
'BAT FAULT' Indicatie dat de batterijen onmiddellijk moeten vervangen worden.

'1' Indicatie, die ook na aanschakelen van de stroom kan verschijnen, dat een kalibratiegegevensfout werd opgespoord. Het instrument moet binnen voor onderhoud.

GEBRUIK


KNOP 1

KNOP 2




Schakel AAN (CGI Mode 1)

LEL autobereik naar volume gas ; zuurstof.

Druk op knop 1  en houdt ingedrukt om instrument en pomp aan te schakelen. Dit zorgt voor opwarming.

Schakel AAN (Purge Mode 2)

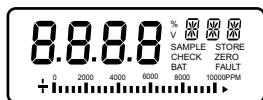
0 tot 100% volume gas ; zuurstof, voor reinigingstoepassingen.

Druk op knop 2  en houdt ingedrukt om instrument en pomp aan te schakelen. Dit zorgt voor opwarming.

Alle getoonde LCD segmenten worden gevolgd door het instrument type en de software versie,

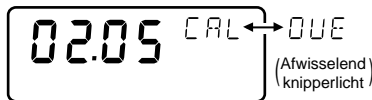
en daarna de batterij status, zoals getoond:

Dan toont het instrument, met maand en jaar, wanneer de volgende kalibratie moet plaatsvinden. (februari 2005 bijvoorbeeld)



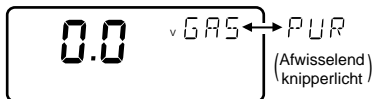
Alle LCD segmenten worden getoond.

Instrument type Software versie




Het CAL DUE scherm wordt gevolgd door het huidig gedetecteerde gas.

Nota: In de reinigingstoestand is de PURGE geactiveerd, zoals getoond:



Pomp AAN / UIT

Een enkele druk op knop 1  wanneer de pomp draait, schakelt de pomp uit en stopt het meten. Een volgende druk op knop 1 schakelt de pomp weer aan.

Aanpassen bereik

Elke enkele druk op knop 2  wijzigt het gasbereik.

De display laat de mogelijke bereiken zien in volgorde:

LEL/Vol.Gas – zuurstof – LEL/Vol.Gas, etc. (CGI Mode 1)

Vol. Gas – zuurstof – Vol. Gas, etc. (Purge Mode 2).




Schakel UIT

Een dubbele druk op knop 1  schakelt het instrument uit.

ΛΙΣΤΑ ΕΛΕΓΧΟΥ

1. Ελέγχετε το όργανο ώστε να μην υπάρχουν εμφανή ελαττώματα.
2. Ελέγχετε τα εξαρτήματα.
3. Διαβάστε προσεκτικά το εγχειρίδιο πριν από την χρήση.
4. Ανοίξτε το όργανο.
5. Ελέγχετε την κατάσταση των μπαταριών.
6. Ελέγχετε το "ZERO" σε καθαρό αέρα.

ΑΣΦΑΛΕΙΑ

- Το όργανο πρέπει να συντηρείται και να βαθμονομείται τακτικά από πλήρως εκπαιδευμένο προσωπικό, σε ασφαλές περιβάλλον.
- **Μπαταρίες:** Οι αλκαλικές μπαταρίες ή οι *Επαναφορτιζόμενες πρέπει να αλλάζονται (*και να επαναφορτίζονται) σε ασφαλές περιβάλλον και να τοποθετούνται σωστά πριν την χρήση. Μην χρησιμοποιείται ποτέ κατεστραμμένες μπαταρίες ή μπαταρίες εκτεθειμένες σε υπερβολικά υψηλές θερμοκρασίες.
- Πρέπει να χρησιμοποιούνται μόνο εξαρτήματα της G.M.I για αντικατάσταση των παλιών.
- Εάν το όργανο ανιχνεύσει αέριο, ακολουθείστε τις διαδικασίες και τις οδηγίες λειτουργίας του οικείου οργανισμού σας.
- Ο θάλαμος ανάφλεξης είναι ανθεκτική συσκευή στη φωτιά και δεν πρέπει να ανοίγεται σε εύφλεκτη ατμόσφαιρα.
- Τα όργανα Oxygas 500 120 είναι πιστοποιημένα σαν EEx iad IIC T4 (-20°C ≤ Tamb ≤ 50°C).
BAS01ATEX2292   II 2 G.
 UL Class 1 Groups A, B, C and D.
- Αυτό ο εξοπλισμός είναι σχεδιασμένος και κατασκευασμένος για να προστατεύει και από άλλους κινδύνους όπως προσδιορίζεται στην παράγραφο 1.2.7 του παραρτήματος II του ATEX Directive 94/9/EC

Κάθε δικαίωμα απαίτησης, σχετικά με την παθητικότητα του προϊόντος ή επακόλουθη ζημιά, από οποιαδήποτε τρίτη ομάδα εναντίον της G.M.I, εξαλείφεται εάν οι προειδοποιήσεις δεν τηρούνται.

ΠΕΡΙΟΧΕΣ ΧΡΗΣΗΣ

Έκθεση σε καθορισμένα χημικά μπορεί να καταλήξει σε μείωση της ευαισθησίας του εύφλεκτου αισθητήρα ανίχνευσης. Όπου υπάρχουν ή πιθανολογούνται τέτοιες περιοχές προτείνεται να γίνονται πιο συχνόι έλεγχοι. Τα χημικά στοιχεία που μπορεί να προκαλέσουν μείωση της ευαισθησίας περιλαμβάνουν Σιλίκινη, Μόλυβδο, Αλογόνο και Θείο. Μην χρησιμοποιείτε το όργανο σε ενδεχομένως επικίνδυνο περιβάλλον που περιέχει Οξυγόνο σε ποσοστό μεγαλύτερο του 21%.

Το εσωτερικό προϊόν είναι Προτυλένιο και δεν πρέπει να εκτίθεται σε περιβάλλον όπου είναι επιρρεπές στο να καταλήγει σε μηχανικό ή θερμικό υποβιβασμό ή σε βλάβη που προκαλείται από επαφή με δραστικά υλικά. Επιπλέον προστασία, ίσως χρειαστεί, σε περιβάλλον όπου το εσωτερικό του οργάνου είναι επιρρεπής σε βλάβη.

ΜΗΝΥΜΑΤΑ ΧΕΙΡΙΣΤΗ / ΕΝΔΕΙΞΕΙΣ ΣΦΑΛΜΑΤΩΝ

Διάφορα μηνύματα μπορεί να εμφανιστούν στην οθόνη που δηλώνουν την κατάσταση του οργάνου.

‘**SAMPLE**’ δηλώνει ότι η αντλία λειτουργεί και ότι το όργανο λαμβάνει δείγμα.

‘**OFF**’ δηλώνει ότι το όργανο πρόκειται να κλείσει. Αυτή η εντολή μπορεί να ακυρωθεί από ένα πάτημα οποιουδήποτε πλήκτρου.

‘**SAMPLE FAULT**’ δηλώνει ότι υπάρχει κάποιο πρόβλημα στην ροή του οργάνου που οφείλεται στο ότι η διαδρομή του δείγματος έχει κάποιο εμπόδιο, παρουσία νερού, μπλοκαρισμένο φίλτρο ή βλάβη στην αντλία. Στην κατάσταση μέτρησης, η αντλία σταματά να λειτουργεί αυτόματα.

Η διαδρομή του δείγματος, τα φίλτρα κτλ. πρέπει να ελεγχθούν για παρουσία νερού ή μπλοκάρισμα και να πιεστεί το πλήκτρο 1 ώστε να ξαναρχίσει η λειτουργία της αντλίας.

‘**CHECK ZERO**’ δηλώνει ότι ίσως υπάρχει αλλαγή στον μηδενισμό η οποία οφείλεται στην παρουσία αερίου. Κλείστε το όργανο και ανοίξτε το ξανά σε καθαρό αέρα.

‘**ZERO FAULT**’ δηλώνει ότι ο μηδενισμός είναι εκτός των ορίων βαθμονόμησης. Κλείστε το όργανο και ανοίξτε το ξανά σε καθαρό αέρα. Εάν το σφάλμα δεν αποσαφηνιστεί επιστρέψτε το όργανο για επισκευή.

‘**BAT**’ δηλώνει ότι οι μπαταρίες θα χρειαστούν σύντομα αντικατάσταση. Μετά από αυτό το σημείο παραμένουν περίπου 60 λεπτά όσον αφορά τις αλκαλικές μπαταρίες, εάν και αυτό εξαρτάται από τον κατασκευαστή των μπαταριών, την θερμοκρασία, την χρήση κτλ.

Με επαναφορτιζόμενη μπαταρία η ένδειξη ‘**BAT**’ δηλώνει περίπου 30 λεπτά λειτουργίας ακόμα.

Καθώς η ισχύς των μπαταριών μειώνεται, στην οθόνη αναβοσβήνει το μήνυμα ‘**BAT FAULT**’. Επακόλουθα στην οθόνη εμφανίζεται το μήνυμα ‘**OFF**’ και το όργανο κλείνει αυτόματα.

Οι μπαταρίες πρέπει να αντικατασταθούν αμέσως.

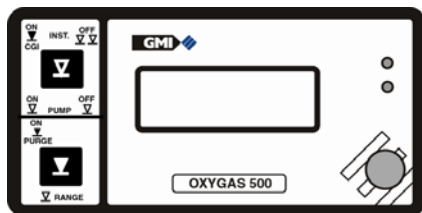
‘**BAT FAULT**’ δηλώνει ότι οι μπαταρίες πρέπει να αντικατασταθούν αμέσως.

‘**1**’ δήλωση, η οποία μπορεί επίσης να εμφανιστεί μετά την ενεργοποίηση, ότι έχει ανιχνευτεί σφάλμα στα δεδομένα της βαθμονόμησης. Το όργανο πρέπει να επιστραφεί για επισκευή.

ΛΕΙΤΟΥΡΓΙΑ

Πλήκτρο 1

Πλήκτρο 2



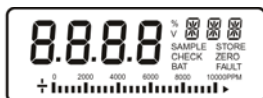
Άνοιγμα (σε κατάσταση CGI)

LEL αυτόματη αλλαγή σε όγκο αερίου, οξυγόνο.


Κρατήστε πατημένο το πλήκτρο 1  για να ανοίξετε το όργανο και την αντλία. Αυτό ξεκινά την διαδικασία προθέρμανσης του οργάνου.

Άνοιγμα (σε κατάσταση εκκαθάρισης)

Από 0 έως 100% όγκος αερίου, οξυγόνο, για εφαρμογές εκκαθάρισης



Όλα τα στοιχεία της οθόνης εμφανίζονται σ' αυτήν

Κρατήστε πατημένο το πλήκτρο 2  για να ανοίξετε το όργανο και την αντλία.

Αυτό ξεκινά την διαδικασία προθέρμανσης του οργάνου.

Η εμφάνιση όλων των στοιχείων της οθόνης ακολουθείται από τον τύπο του οργάνου και την έκδοση του λογισμικού, μετά η κατάσταση της μπαταρίας, όπως φαίνεται:



Στη συνέχεια, το όργανο δείχνει σαν μήνα και χρόνο, τότε πρέπει να γίνει η επόμενη βαθμονόμηση του οργάνου. (Φεβρουάριος 2005 για παράδειγμα)




Η ένδειξη CAL DUE της οθόνης ακολουθείται από την ένδειξη του αερίου εκείνη την στιγμή.


Σημείωση: Σε κατάσταση εκκαθάρισης το μήνυμα PURGE είναι ενεργοποιημένο στην οθόνη, Όπως φαίνεται:



Αντλία Ανοιχτή / Κλειστή

Με ένα πάτημα του πλήκτρου 1 , όταν η αντλία λειτουργεί, κλείνει η αντλία και σταματά η δειγματοληψία. Με ένα ακόμα πάτημα του πλήκτρου 1 η αντλία λειτουργεί ξανά.

Αλλαγή κλίμακας

Κάθε πάτημα του πλήκτρου 2 , αλλάζει την κλίμακα.

Στην οθόνη εναλλάσσονται οι διαθέσιμες κλίμακες με την εξής σειρά:

LEL/όγκος αερίου– οξυγόνο – LEL/όγκος αερίου, κλπ. (CGI κατάσταση)

Όγκος αερίου – οξυγόνο – όγκος αερίου, κλπ. (Κατάσταση εκκαθάρισης).

Κλείσιμο

Ένα διπλό πάτημα του πλήκτρου 1 , κλείνει το όργανο.

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